

Republic of the Philippines

Department of Environment and Natural Resources MINES AND GEOSCIENCES BUREAU MIMAROPA Region

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MSDF-02 Rev02 12.17.2019

Certificate of Approval

AEPEP No. 2022-05-MIMAROPA

The Mine Rehabilitation Fund Committee – Technical Working Group (MRFC-TWG) having reviewed the Annual Environmental Protection and Enhancement Program (AEPEP) for CY 2022, hereby issues this Certificate of Approval to Coral Bay Nickel Corporation (CBNC) for its Hydrometallurgical Processing Plant Line 1 and Line 2 covered by MPP No. 006-2004-IVB located in Brgy. Rio Tuba, Bataraza, Palawan subject to the following conditions, in addition to the provisions stipulated under the Department of Environment and Natural Resources Administrative Order (DAO) No. 2010 – 21, the Revised Implementing Rules and Regulations of Republic Act No. 7942, otherwise known as the "Philippine Mining Act of 1995:"

- 1. This Certificate is valid only for the activities stipulated in the approved AEPEP CY 2022 (hereto attached as Annex A and made an integral part hereof);
- 2. CBNC shall allocate for its annual environment-related expenses a percentage based on the AEPEP that may approximate a minimum of three to five percent (3 5%) of its direct milling cost depending on the environmental/geologic condition, nature and scale of operations, and technology employed;
- 3. The budget allocation of this AEPEP amounts to one billion seven hundred ninety-eight million nine hundred twenty-one thousand eight hundred sixty-four pesos only (PHP 1,798,921,864) which is equivalent to 15% of CBNC's milling expenses (PHP 12,193,764,166) for 2022;
- 4. CBNC shall strictly conform to the policy of MGB on prompt submission of AEPEP, which is thirty (30) calendar days prior to the beginning of every calendar year:
- 5. To ensure and check the performance of and compliance with the approved AEPEP, the Multipartite Monitoring Team (MMT) shall monitor every quarter or more frequently, as may be deemed necessary, the activities stipulated in the AEPEP;
- 6. The expenses for such monitoring shall be chargeable against the Monitoring Trust Fund (MTF) of the Mine Rehabilitation Fund (MRF) as provided in Section 181 of DAO No. 2010 21;
- 7. CBNC shall submit to MGB MIMAROPA a quarterly report of its environmental expenses within ten (10) days after the end of every quarter using the prescribed format;

- 8. CBNC shall submit a comprehensive Care and Maintenance Program (CMP) in case of suspension/stoppage of its operations;
- 9. Additional conditions may be imposed to effectively implement the approved AEPEP based on the results of monitoring or environmental audit by the MGB Central Office and MGB MIMAROPA Region or the MMT;
- 10. The recommendation/s and directive/s or instruction/s of the MRFC and MMT members should be considered and put into effect by the proponent in the implementation phase of the subject AEPEP;
- 11. Transfer of ownership or assignment of the project carries with it the same conditions in this Certificate for which written notification shall be made by the company to the MGB MIMAROPA Region within fifteen (15) days from such transfer; and
- 12. That all other necessary permits (i.e. discharge permit, etc.) from all concerned government agencies must be secured in relation to project operation.

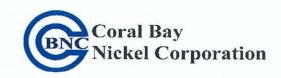
Non-compliance with the above conditions shall be sufficient ground for the suspension, cancellation, revocation or termination of this Certificate and/or be basis for the applicability of penalty prescribed in the Penal Provisions of R.A. 7942.

Issued this 14th day of January 2022 at Manila, Philippines.

EDWIN M. MOJARES, Ph.D.
OIC – Regional Director











Form 01 QC-2007 Rev.05

Reference No.: EMO-MNL-2022-M-004

DATE

: 03 March 2022

FOR

: DIRECTOR EDWIN M. MOJARES, Ph.D.

Regional Director

MGB IVB-MIMAROPA
7/F DENR By the Bay Building
1515 Roxas Blvd., Ermita, Manila



Attention: MINE SAFETY ENVIRONMENT AND SOCIAL

DEVELOPMENT DIVISION

FROM

: BENJAMIN ARMAND A. TANSINGCO

VP-Environmental Management

SUBJECT

:REVISED ANNUAL

ENVIRONMENTAL

PROTECTION

AND

ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM FOR 2022 (AEPEP for the Year 2022)

Dear Director Mojares:

In compliance to Item No. 2 of the approved Environmental Protection and Enhancement Program (EPEP # 171-2020-14) of CBNC for its Hydrometallurgical Processing Plants Line and Line 2 Project, the Revised Annual EPEP for the Year 2022 is hereby submitted incorporating the recommendations and revisions based on the Evaluation Report dated 09 February 2022.

The corresponding budget is as follows:

| Program | Purpose | 2022 Budget (Php) | |
|---|---|-------------------|--|
| 1. Land Resource | d Resource Rehabilitation and Reforestation of Project Areas | | |
| 2. Water Resource and Quality | Protection of Waters | 1,396,932,020 | |
| 3. Noise | Mitigation of Noise from Plant Operation | 2,100 | |
| 4. Air Quality | Protection of Air | 366,832,526 | |
| 5. Conservation Values | Enhancement and Monitoring of Environmental Program Performance | 6,544,389 | |
| 6. Environmental Research | Activities to Improve Environmental Programs | 2,209,200 | |
| 7. Others Administration, Compliance Management and MEPEO Operation | | 17,861,359 | |
| | Total | 1,798,921,864 | |

We are looking forward to your valuable assistance in the successful implementation of our 2022 AEPEP.

Republic of the Philippines

Department of Environment and Natural Resources

MINES AND GEOSCIENCES BUREAU MIMAROPA Region

ANNUAL ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AND ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM 2022

1.0 Project Name: Coral Bay Nickel Corporation (CBNC)

Hydrometallurgical Processing Plant,

Line 1 & Line 2

Site Office : Rio Tuba Export Processing Zone,

Rio Tuba, Bataraza, Palawan

Manila Office: Sumitomo Metal Mining Philippine Holdings

Corporation, 24th -25th Floor, NAC Tower, 32nd Street Bonifacio Global City, Taguig City, Philippines

1634

Contact Person: Mr. Masahiro Kamiya

President

Tel No.: 8548-7110/8548-7100

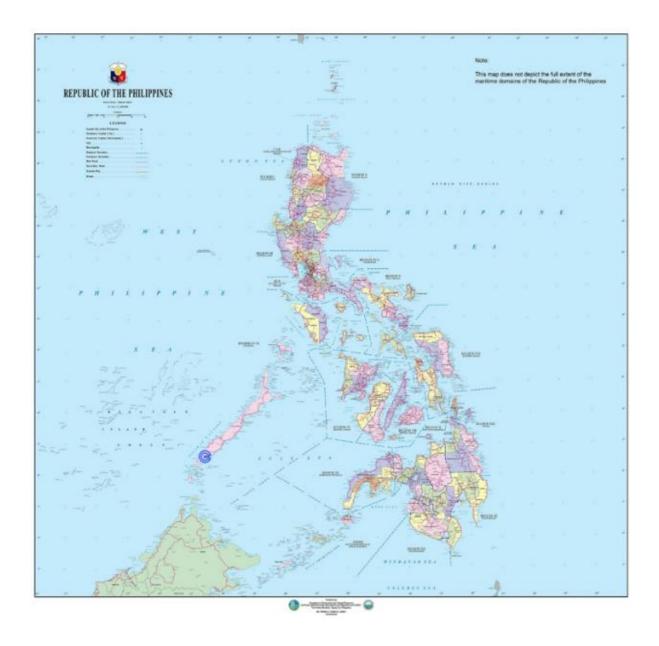
Fax No.: 8856-3930

2022 AEPEP Proposed Budget: Php 1,798,921,864 (15% of the 2022 Estimated Milling Expense of Php 12,193,764,166)

2.0 Project Description

2.1 Project details

The Coral Bay Nickel Corporation Hydrometallurgical Processing Plant (HPP) Line 1 & Line 2 is located at the Rio Tuba Export Processing Zone (RTEPZ) which is within the mining areas of Rio Tuba Nickel Mining Corporation (RTNMC) in Barangay Rio Tuba, Municipality of Bataraza, Province of Palawan.



Source: NAMRIA

Figure 1. Map showing general location of CBNC HPP Site

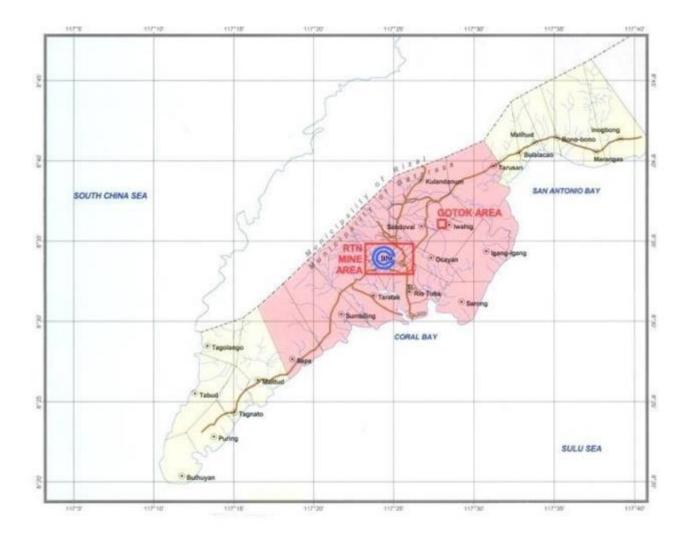


Figure 2. Map showing location of CBNC HPP Site at the Municipality of Bataraza



Figure 3. Map showing location of CBNC and its project facilities

Table 1. Geographic coordinates of the project components

| Project Component | Perimeter/Boundary points (Based on OCT/TCT/etc.) | Latitude | Longitude |
|----------------------|---|---------------|-----------------|
| | Corner 1 | 8° 34' 11.41" | 117° 25' 39.73" |
| | Corner 2 | 8° 34' 17.12" | 117° 25' 39.79" |
| | Corner 3 | 8° 34' 19.27" | 117° 25' 36.22" |
| | Corner 4 | 8° 34' 27.34" | 117° 25' 37.33" |
| TSF-3 | Corner 5 | 8° 34' 36.62" | 117° 25' 35.08" |
| (Proposed) | Corner 6 | 8° 34' 43.19" | 117º 25' 28.14" |
| | Corner 7 | 8° 35' 0.94" | 117° 25' 26.62" |
| | Corner 8 | 8° 35' 0.79" | 117° 25' 45.61" |
| | Corner 9 | 8° 34' 41.76" | 117° 25' 57.35" |
| | Corner 10 | 8° 34' 11.22" | 117º 26' 3.18" |
| | Corner 11 | 8° 35' 26.78" | 117° 24' 30.62" |
| TSF- 2 | Corner 12 | 8° 35' 23.99" | 117º 24' 37.12" |
| (Existing) | Corner 13 | 8° 35' 23.05" | 117º 24' 41.12" |
| | Corner 14 | 8° 35' 22.52" | 117° 24' 48.52" |
| | Corner 15 | 8° 35' 16.51" | 117º 25' 0.96" |

| Project Component | Perimeter/Boundary points (Based on OCT/TCT/etc.) | Latitude | Longitude |
|-----------------------|---|---------------|-----------------|
| | Corner 16 | 8° 35' 9.89" | 117° 25' 6.76" |
| | Corner 17 | 8° 35' 2.02" | 117° 25' 11.83" |
| | Corner 18 | 8° 34' 48.24" | 117° 25' 15.87" |
| | Corner 19 | 8° 34' 46.07" | 117° 25' 14.99" |
| | Corner 20 | 8° 34' 28.03" | 117° 24' 51.34" |
| | Corner 21 | 8° 34' 33.24" | 117° 24' 32.17" |
| | Corner 22 | 8° 34' 28.84" | 117° 24' 28.09" |
| | Corner 23 | 8° 34' 37.39" | 117° 24' 18.36" |
| | Corner 24 | 8° 34' 50.79" | 117° 24' 19.44" |
| | Corner 25 | 8° 34' 55.02" | 117° 24' 24.19" |
| | Corner 26 | 8° 35' 19.5" | 117° 24' 26.74" |
| | Corner 27 | 8° 34' 26.83" | 117° 25' 24.05" |
| | Corner 28 | 8° 34' 14.74" | 117° 25' 37.40" |
| | Corner 29 | 8° 34' 1.35" | 117° 25' 37.34" |
| TSF-1 | Corner 30 | 8° 33' 52.47" | 117° 25' 21.67" |
| (Existing) | Corner 31 | 8° 33' 52.64" | 117° 25' 6.5" |
| | Corner 32 | 8° 33' 57.93" | 117° 24' 59.44" |
| | Corner 33 | 8° 34' 10.89" | 117° 24' 56.15" |
| | Corner 34 | 8° 34' 14.28" | 117° 24' 58.55" |
| | Corner 35 | 8° 33' 48.14" | 117° 25' 3.9" |
| HPP Line 1 and 2 | Corner 36 | 8° 33' 48.11" | 117° 25' 31.78" |
| (Existing) | Corner 37 | 8° 33' 30.95" | 117° 25' 31.76" |
| | Corner 38 | 8° 33' 30.98" | 117° 25' 3.89" |
| | Corner 39 | 8° 30' 39.76" | 117° 26' 36.38" |
| | Corner 40 | 8° 30' 43.04" | 117° 26' 49.63" |
| | Corner 41 | 8° 30' 46.65" | 117° 26' 49.07" |
| | Corner 42 | 8° 30' 47.96" | 117° 26' 58.17" |
| 0 | Corner 43 | 8° 30' 42.86" | 117° 26' 58.96" |
| Causeway, trestle | Corner 44 | 8° 30' 42.17" | 117° 26' 54.50" |
| and other associated | Corner 45 | 8° 30' 37.24" | 117° 26' 56.09" |
| facilities (Existing) | Corner 46 | 8° 30' 30.20" | 117° 26' 51.62" |
| | Corner 47 | 8° 30' 27.25" | 117° 26' 51.62" |
| | Corner 48 | 8° 30' 14.88" | 117° 27' 00.82" |
| | Corner 49 | 8° 30' 12.94" | 117° 26' 58.19" |
| | Corner 50 | 8° 30' 28.68" | 117° 26' 46.48" |
| | Corner 51 | 8° 30' 28.95" | 117º 26' 39.94" |

Photos of CBNC Project Areas



Figure 4. Rehabilitated Tailings Storage Facility No. 1



Figure 5. Operational Tailings Storage Facility No. 2



Figure 6. CBNC Line 1 and 2 HPP Complex



Figure 7. Under Construction Tailings Storage Facility No. 3



Figure 8. CBNC Pier site Facilities

2.2. Mineral reserves/resources

The CBNC HPP Lines 1 & 2 Project makes use of the low-grade Ni ore supplied by RTNMC under their MPSA No. 114-98-IV (Amended I).

Based on the disclosure made by Nickel Asia Corporation (NAC), the mother company of Rio Tuba Nickel Mining Corporation, in their 2020 Annual Report released last June 10, 2021, the available ore reserves at Rio Tuba as of December 31, 2020, that could possibly be available for purchase by CBNC and be used as feed material for the HPP Lines 1 & 2 is around 47.2 M DMT.

SUMMARY OF ORE RESERVES AND RESOURCES

Total Ore Reserves (1) As of December 31, 2020

| OPERATION | MINERAL TYPE | CLASSIFICATION | TONNES (KWMT) | TONNES (KDMT) | %NI | %FE | CONTAINED NI (KT) |
|-----------|--------------|---------------------|------------------|------------------|------|-------|----------------------|
| Rio Tuba | Saprolite | Proved and Probable | 39,579 | 25,442 | 1.51 | 13.69 | 384.16 |
| | Limonite | Proved and Probable | 47,216 | 32,980 | 1.11 | 35.79 | 366.08 |

TOTAL MINERAL RESOURCES (1) (2) (3) (4)

As of December 31, 2020

| OPERATION | MINERAL TYPE | CLASSIFICATION | TONNES (KW MT) | TONNES (KDMT) | %NI | %FE | CONTAINED NI (KT) |
|-----------|--------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|------------------|------|-------|----------------------|
| Rio Tuba | Saprolite ⁽⁵⁾ | Measured and Indicated | 43,766 | 28,065 | 1.56 | 16.96 | 438 |
| | Limonite ⁽⁵⁾ | Measured and Indicated | 48,458 | 33,772 | 1.U | 35.66 | 378 |
| | Saprolite | Inferred | 13,823 | 9,028 | 1.48 | 12.72 | 134 |
| | Limonite | Inferred | 2,444 | 1,705 | 1.17 | 33.51 | 20 |

Source: Nickel Asia Corporation 2020 Annual Report p. 107-108

Table 2. Total Ore Reserves of Rio Tuba Nickel Mining Corporation as reported in the NAC 2020 Annual Report

In case additional ore feed material is necessary and could not be obtained from RTNMC, CBNC can source their ore requirements from other NAC affiliated companies such as Taganito Mining Corporation, Hinatuan Mining Corporation, Cagdianao Mining Corporation and Dinapigue Mining Corporation.

2.3. Access/transportation

2.3.1. Road

The CBNC HPP project site is accessible from Manila via an hour's travel by commercial aircraft flight or an 18~ 22-hour commercial passenger ship voyage to Puerto Princesa City. From Puerto Princesa City, vans for hire and public utility buses ply the southward Provincial Road passing through the Municipalities of Aborlan, Narra, Ursula, Sofronio Española, Brooke's

Point, and then Bataraza. Land travel from Puerto Princesa City to Brgy. Rio Tuba, Bataraza takes approximately four to five (4~5) hours. At present, there are no other alternative road routes to Bataraza.

2.3.2. Air Access

The CBNC HPP Project site may also be accessed by plane from Manila or from Puerto Princesa City. RTNMC maintains an airport at the site (8°32′57″ N, 117°26′10″ E).

Chartered aircraft flying directly from Manila could reach the Rio Tuba Airport within $1 \sim 1.5$ hours depending on the type and speed of the aircraft. Air travel between Puerto Princesa City Airport to Rio Tuba also takes approximately $1 \sim 1.5$ hours.

The Rio Tuba Airport is limited only to small aircraft that could land in its 1.7 KM length. Recently, Runway lighting has been installed at the Rio Tuba airport and there is a pending application with the Civil Aviation Authority of the Philippines (CAAP) to allow night landing and take-offs in the future.



Figure 9. Rio Tuba Airport

2.3.3. Shipping

RTNMC operates a pier with a loading facility that is located at the mouth of Tuba River. Marine vessels that can utilize the facility include ore transport ships at 12,000-dwt capacity; 6,000-dwt coal barge; and 2,000-dwt slaked lime barge.



Figure 10. Rio Tuba Pier

For large equipment and bulk materials like coal, a 14m wide Causeway has been built near the Nagoya Beach Area. This causeway also has a jetty to accommodate ships and barges that have to bring in large equipment and other bulk materials.



Figure 11. Jetty at Causeway

For the unloading of bulk chemicals like Sulfuric Acid and Methanol, cargo ships moor at the dolphins at the end of the trestle and unload the cargo through the pipeline that runs through the trestle and causeway to the storage tanks at CBNC stockyard area.



Figure 12. Dolphins at the end of the Trestle

2.4. Overview of the HPAL Process

The production of mixed sulfide involves seven (7) stages. The process stages are discussed below:

Ore preparation

The process involves screening out from the feed ore particles with more than 2 mm size fraction. This is to remove the coarser grain size of low-grade Ni ore, which contains more magnesium oxide (MgO) than the finer grained ore. MgO require higher acid consumption at the autoclave. The -2 mm fraction is slurrified, thickened and stored at the HPAL feed storage tank.

High Pressure Acid Leach (HPAL)

The ore slurry is subjected to three (3) stages of pre-heating before being fed to the autoclave together with sulfuric acid and steam to selectively leach Ni and Co. After passing through three (3) stages of flashing or depressurization, the pressure-leached slurry from this process is sent to the Counter-Current Decanter.

Counter-Current Decanter

The depressurized pressure leach slurry is fed to the seven-stage Counter Current Decantation (CCD) circuit to recover the nickel and cobalt-rich solutions from the barren leached solids. The underflow from the last thickener is discharged to the tailings treatment area at maximum solid density and minimum nickel and cobalt liquor concentration. The pregnant solution or nickel and cobalt-liquor from the first CCD thickener overflow is sent to the neutralization circuit. The washed tailings from CCD 7 are neutralized by limestone and sent to the final neutralization stage.

Neutralization

The pregnant solution from the CCD area is sent to the neutralization tanks where limestone is added in the tanks to regulate pH at 3.0 to 4.0 to precipitate Fe and Al. The neutralized solution containing the reaction product gypsum is sent to the neutralization thickener together with the flocculants to improve settling rates and is separated into neutralized solution and neutralized gypsum slurry. The neutralized gypsum slurry is sent to CCD 3, while the neutralized solution is sent to for the Zinc Removal area.

Zinc Removal

The neutralization thickener overflow is pumped to the zinc removal tanks and contacted with hydrogen sulfide gas to precipitate Zn and Cu. The entire discharge stream from the zinc precipitation tanks is directed to the zinc-free liquor polishing filters. The zinc sulfide fines sluiced from the polishing filters are re-pulped and then pumped to the final neutralization stage.

Sulfurization

The neutralization solution stripped of its Zn impurities is reacted with hydrogen sulfide (H_2S) in the range of pH 2.5 and 3.0 to recover more than 99% of Ni and Co as Ni/Co mixed sulfide (MS). Impurities such as manganese (Mn) and magnesium (Mg) remain in the solution. The

sulfurized slurry is sent to the sulfide thickener and is separated into sulfurized solution and sulfide slurry. The sulfide slurry is washed and dehydrated by pressure filter and is separated as mixed sulfide slurry. The sulfide slurry is washed and dehydrated by pressure filter and is separated as mixed sulfide (MS) while the sulfurized solution is sent to the Barren Liquor Treatment. MS products are packed in flexible plastic containers.

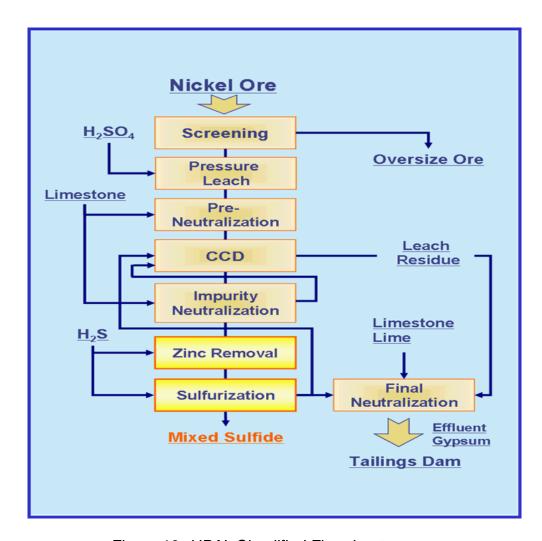


Figure 13. HPAL Simplified Flowsheet

2.5. Power Supply

Each HPP Line requires approximately 7.3 MW each or a total of 14.6 MW of electric power. The Town Site and other external facilities require about 300KW. The total requirement for power is 14.9MW.

MGB Form No. 16-3

For HPP Line 1, an 11 MW coal-fired boiler and turbine generator supports the

operation. The boiler supplies 30 % of the steam generated for the HPAL process

and the remaining 70% is used to drive the turbine for power generation. Three

(3) substations distribute power to each of the load facilities in the Plant area. Two

(2) 1.5 MW diesel generators provides back up power totaling 3.0 MW for the

HPP 1 operations. At the pier site and port facilities, two (2) units of 0.072 MW

diesel generators have been installed.

For HPP Line 2, another power plant that is a replica of Line 1's 11 MW coal-fired

boiler and turbine generator has been installed. Three (3) 1.64 MW diesel

generators or a total of 4.92 MW will provide back-up power. One of the three

1.62 MW diesel generators will be used to provide additional power to the

townsite.

In case of maintenance or breakdowns, the power plants of either HPP Line 1 or

HPP Line 2 could be used to support the operations of the other plant. A

comfortable available power capacity has been incorporated in the design of the

power plants.

The HPP's Power Plants are not connected to the Philippine National Power Grid.

2.6. Mining Equipment

CBNC HPP is not a mining company but is engaged in the Hydrometallurgical

Processing of low-grade nickel ore through the High Pressure Acid Leach

process. Mining equipment that are used to feed the low-grade nickel ore for the

HPP's operation belong to RTNMC.

Lines 1 and 2 of the HPP each have the following major equipment for the

production of Ni-Co Mixed Sulfide:

High-Pressure Acid Leach

Direct heat exchanger

3 sets, SAF 2507 or Ti clad CS

15

Autoclave 1 set Ti clad, 25.23 m (tangent to tangent

length), 29.89 m (overall inside Ti lining),

4.66 mm Ø

Flash tank 3 sets CS + ML (membrane-lined) and brick

lined tank

CCD Thickener 27 m Ø x 7 sets

Purification

Neutralization tank 533 m3 capacity x 2 sets 7.7 m Ø

Neutralization thickener 21 m Ø

Zn removal tank

height

167 m3 capacity x 3 sets, 4.8 m Ø, 9.1 m

ZnS filter Polishing filter x 2 sets

Sulfurization

Sulfurization tank 167 m3 capacity, 4.5 m Ø, 9.0 m height

276 m3 capacity x 1 set, 5.7 m Ø, 8.9 m

height

MS filter Larox filter x 2 sets

BL filter Polishing filter x 2 sets

Barren Liquor Treatment

Final neutralization tanks 200 m3 capacity x 3 sets, 5.8 m Ø, 7.6 m

height

287 m3 capacity x 1 set, 6.8 m □, 9.7 m

height

2.7. Workforce Information

As of the end of October 2021 total employment for the two HPP Lines and including personnel at the Manila Office are 689 direct employees and 2,498 personnel from contractors.

Meanwhile, the organizational chart showing the Mine Environmental Protection and Enhancement Office (MEPEO) as of 01 April 2021 is shown in Table 3.

2.8. Development Schedule

Since CBNC is engaged in the hydrometallurgical processing of nickel ore and not in mining, instead of a development schedule, it had instead a Work Program from 2020-2024 that was submitted by CBNC to the MGB as part of the requirement of the approved Mineral Processing Permit (MPP) No. 006-2004-IVB (3rd Renewal) effective April 26, 2020. The 5-year Work Program that was submitted with the MPP renewal application is shown below and is for reference only.

Table 4. Production Schedule 2020-2024

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | TOTAL |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| Projected Output HPP 1 & HPP 2 (Ni DMT) | 21,500 | 21,500 | 21,500 | 21,500 | 21,500 | 107,500 |
| Ore Consumption (DMT) | 2,060,000 | 2,060,000 | 2,060,000 | 2,060,000 | 2,060,000 | 10,300,000 |
| Estimated Milling Cost (M-PHP) | 11,200 | 11,200 | 11,200 | 11,200 | 11,200 | 56,000 |

The above schedule was submitted in anticipation of the approval and development of RTNMC's Bulanjao Expansion, that would assure a regular and stable supply of ore feed to the CBNC plant. However due to recent events related to the delay in the development of the Bulanjao Expansion and also the circumstances related to the CoVid-19 pandemic, CBNC's management is planning to reduce the 2022 target production output to 20,000 DMT.

CBNC's management is also considering the possibility of sourcing feed ore of approximately 500,000 WMT from other affiliate mines of Nickel Asia. This will supplement the any shortfall of suitable feed ore from RTNMC.

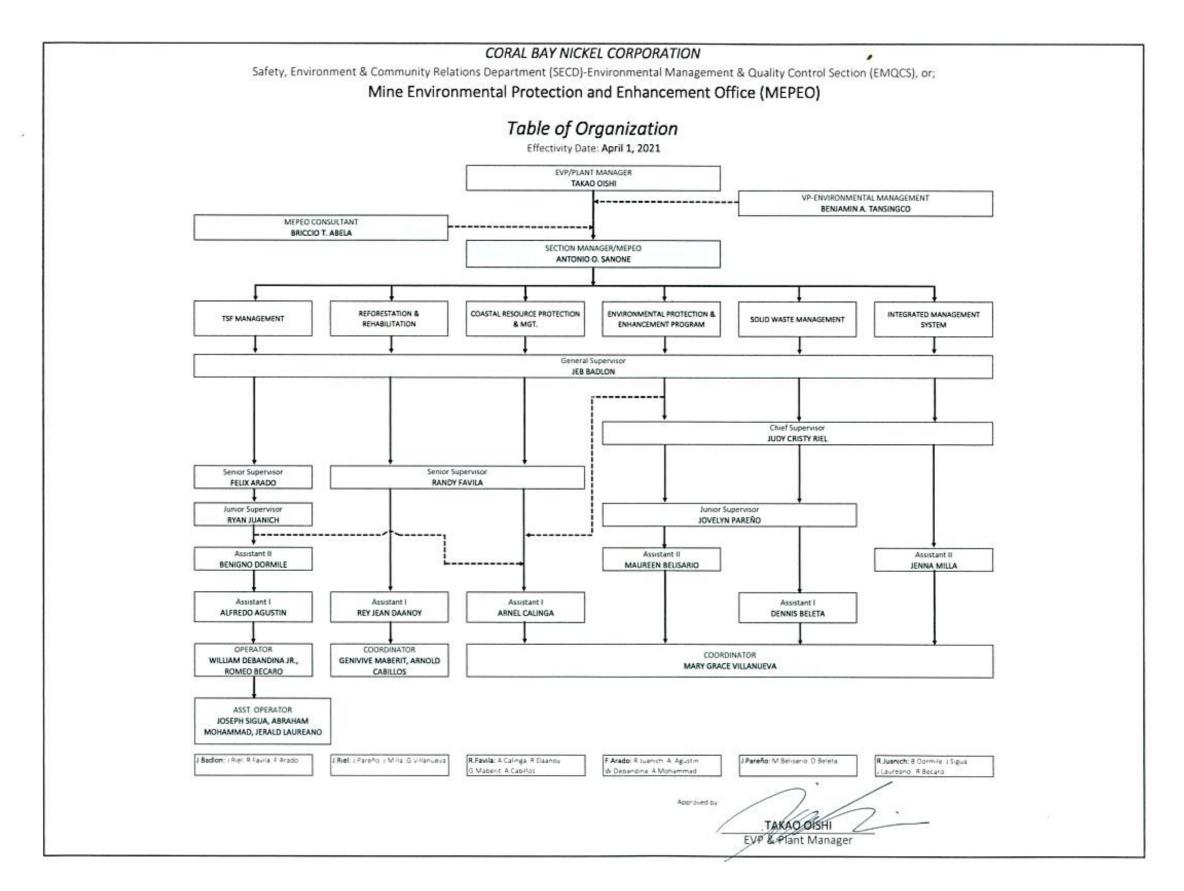


Table 5. Organizational chart showing the Mine Environmental Protection and Enhancement Office (MEPEO) of Coral bay Nickel Corporation as of 01 April 2021

However, please note that the above schedule may be revised if there are events that would warrant the management of CBNC to revise its projections.

2.8.1 Tailings Storage Facility No. 3 Construction

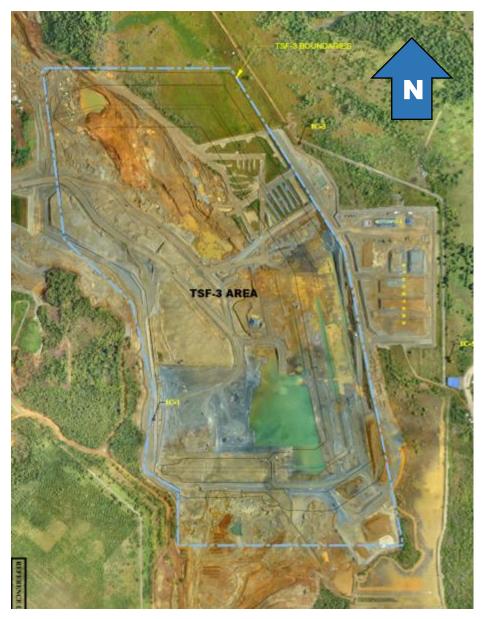


Figure 14. TSF3 Area Boundaries on Photomosaic of the area from September 12, 2021 Topographic Survey

The December 2018 Environmental Performance Report and Management Plan (EPRMP) of CBNC discussed the project phases of Tailings Dam No. 3 in details.

Basically, the implementation of the project is divided into four (4) major phases: pre-construction phase; construction phase; operational phase; and abandonment phase The pre-construction and construction phase generally, will involve mobilization, demobilization, site clearing and development for the preparation of the tailings storage facility, and the stockyard construction. The operational phase shall start as soon as TSF3 have been completed and commissioned. As for the abandonment phase, the TSF3 is estimated to have an economic life of five (5) years. After which, the programmed closure activities as indicated in CBNC's Final Decommissioning Plan shall be implemented which is similar to the rehabilitation plan for TSF1.

The timeline of construction schedule of TSF No. 3 as of September 30, 2021 is shown below.

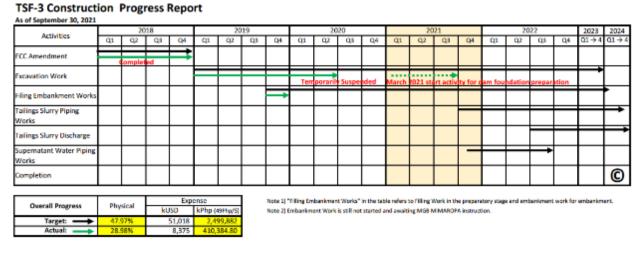


Figure 15. TSF3 Construction Progress as of September 30, 2021



Figure 16. TSF3 Construction Site as of October 15, 2021

The TSF3 construction activity was temporarily suspended as a result of MGB-MIMAROPA's order against SMCC dated 18 September 2020 that was received last 22 September 2020. On a letter dated 27 January 2021 from MGB MIMAROPA, SMCC was allowed to re-commence the construction of TSF3 if the activity would not involve the extraction of quarry materials within the MPSA area of RTNMC and/or the use of the mobile crushers. On the later weeks of March 2021, SMCC started foundation preparation only at the areas permitted by MGB MIMAROPA.

On June 30, 2021, MGB MIMAROPA issued the PTO for the two (2) mobile crushers.

On September 14, 2021, MGB MIMAROPA authorized the extraction of the suitable materials and the construction of TSF-3 embankment after CBNC complied with the requested joint topographic surveying activity as baseline data for TSF-3 construction area.

2.8.2. Pier Site Material Stockyard Expansion

In order to accommodate additional incoming raw materials, the material stockyard at the Pier Site has been expanded. The expansion area is now being utilized. This area is included in the PEZA Zone Proclamation No. 1352 dated August 3, 2007.



Figure 17. Pier Site Storage Expansion as of October 15, 2021

2.8.3. Application and Acquisition of Permits for the future TSF4

In 2022, CBNC intends to start the process of acquiring the necessary permits for the construction of TSF4. The preliminary design and location of the TSF4 is still being discussed with RTNMC.

3.0 Specific Strategy to Limit and Control the Impacts

3.1 Land resources

| Activity/ Aspect | Description of Impact | Source | Areas Affected | Mitigating Measures | 2022 BUDGET (Php) |
|---|--|---|--|--|-------------------------|
| Development of Areas by RTNMC for CBNC Operation | Barren areas can cause silted runoff that will pollute water bodies. | Areas opened due to mining operation of RTNMC (Host Mine) and related activities of the CBNC operation. | Surface, estuarine and marine water systems around the mine area and CBNC Project. | RTNMC Maintained 17 silt traps, 6 siltation ponds The whole site will be rehabilitated after utilization. Included in the FMRDP. | |
| Clearing of areas for operation | Barren landscape due to clearing activities that can cause silted runoff, dust formation and wildlife dispersion. | HPP Project and Ancillary Facilities | CBNC Project Areas, Total 583 hectares. 418ha. Is active/utilized. 165 is currently planted for rehabilitation, as of 3Q 2021. | Reforestation and other Landscaping Activities. CBNC engages on Mangrove forest protection and enhancement. | 8,547,238 |
| Closure of TSF-1 after storage capacity was reached last 2010. | After TSF-1 utilization, the area is barren that can cause dust from the dried silty tailings and silted runoff during rain. The barren area is not habitable by wildlife. Embankment is susceptible to erosion. | Exposed embankment | TSF-1 embankment and impounded tailings. | Revegetation and rehabilitation activities for TSF-1 was already conducted and continuously being enhanced. | |

| Completed TSF-2 construction / TSF-2 operation | Land Disturbance due to operation of Tailings Storage Facility # 2 (TSF-2). | Embankment areas and borrow areas where rock and clay materials for the TSF2 were sourced. | Tailings Storage Facility slopes and areas near the vicinity that were used as material borrow areas. | Stabilization and protection of dam slopes by grass planting. Revegetation and rehabilitation of areas disturbed for its construction in order to control siltation and restore to a visually appealing condition. The whole site will be rehabilitated after utilization. Included in the FMRDP. |
|--|---|--|---|---|
| On-going construction of TSF-3. Expected to finish on the year 2024. | Dust, silted runoff and noise from the construction site and activity can affect the environment. | Barren Area of the construction site. | The area where TSF-3 is constructed. | Speed limits, regular watering and planting of trees at the buffer zone to mitigate environmental impacts during construction. Site will be rehabilitated after utilization. Included in the FMRDP. |

3.2 Water

| Activity/ Aspect | Description of Impact | Source | Areas Affected | Mitigating Measures | 2022 BUDGET (Php) |
|--|---|---|--|---|-------------------------|
| Management of Tailings and effluent. | Possible degradation of nearby river/marine waters. | Surface run-offs and effluent from the treated tailings of the HPP operation. | Rio Tuba, Ibelnan, and Ocayan rivers as well as the groundwater wells and coastal areas. | Operation of 17 silt traps and 6 siltation ponds to mitigate silted run-offs. Operation of water pollution control facilities (Final Neutralization Plant and TSF). | 1,396,932,020 |
| Management of coal ash. | Possible surface and ground water contamination due to coal ash storage/disposal. | Coal ash which is waste product of the operation of CBNC's Power Plants. | Water bodies in the vicinity of CBNC. | Coal Ash Pit prepared and maintained. Natural permeability of clay prevents any possible leaching of heavy metals to ground water. | |

3.3 Noise

| Activity/ Aspect | Description of Impact | Source | Areas Affected | Mitigating Measures | 2022 BUDGET (Php) |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|-------------------------|
| Noise from equipment and transport vehicles | Increase in noise level. | Plant Equipment & Transport Vehicles | HPP Plant Site, Barangay Rio Tuba and | Maintain vegetated buffer zone around the HPP Site to diffuse any noise. | 2,100 |

| needed for HPP operation and activities could cause discomfort to workers and nearby residences. | | Barangay Ocayan. | Reduction of vehicle/equipment speed to reduce engine noise. Regular maintenance of equipment and transport vehicle to assure working condition of noise control devices. | |
|---|--|---------------------|--|--|
| | | | Require the use of PPEs to employees and contractors who work at areas with high noise levels. | |

3.4 Air Quality

| Activity/ Aspect | Description of Impact | Source | Areas Affected | Mitigating Measures | 2022 BUDGET (Php) |
|--|-------------------------------------|---|--|---|-------------------------|
| Management of Air Pollution Sources and Control Facilities. | Degradation of ambient air quality. | Coal Fired Power Plant Operation. Production Process Operation. | Vicinity of Rio Tuba, Taratak, Ocayan, Iwahig and Sandoval in the Municipality of Bataraza | Operation of HPP's air pollution control facilities. Annual conduct of Cylinder Gas Audit (CGA) to validate accuracy of the installed Continuous Emissions Monitoring System (CEMS) to determine air quality of emitted air to the Air Pollution Control Facilities (APSCF). | 366,515,913 |

| | | Stack emission sampling of air pollution source and control facilities. | |
|--|--|---|--|
| | | | |

3.5 Conservation values

3.5.1 Nature issues

| Activity/ Aspect | Description of Impact | Source | Areas Affected | Mitigating Measures | 2022 BUDGET (Php) |
|--|---|---|--|---|-------------------------|
| The HPP operation and related activities | Possible degradation of the Coastal Resources (Mangroves, Corals, Seagrasses and Fishes). The operation may cause changes in the population and conditions of the plants, corals, sea grass and other marine habitats. | Various materials and equipment used in the processing plant and ancillary areas. | Rio Tuba, Nagoya beach, Ocayan rivers and nearby coastal areas. | Operation of 17 silt traps, 6 siltation ponds. Operation of HPP's water treatment facilities Monitoring the effectivity of installed Coral garden to enhance coral population. Operation and maintenance of Water Bio- indicator projects Fish Pen at Causeway and sea grass enhancement at causeway as Marine Water Bio- Indicator Maintenance of Live Fish at Lower Kinurong Siltation Pond as a Fresh Water Bio- Indicator | 6,544,389 |

| The HPP operation and related activities | Degradation of Flora and dispersion of Fauna. The operation may cause changes in the population of wildlife and natural vegetation. | Various equipment used in the processing plant and ancillary areas. | Vicinity of Rio Tuba, Taratak, Ocayan, Iwahig and Sandoval, Bataraza | Operation of HPP's air pollution control facilities Rehabilitation and reforestation of disturbed areas in order to restore lost faunal habitat. Native trees are planted in order to enhance biodiversity Establish buffer zone around CBNC perimeter to defuse noise causing disturbance to wildlife. Monitoring of Bee Colony found living inside HPP as Air Bio Indicator. | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| Grounding of barge loaded with coal | Possible degradation of marine ecosystem | Accidental grounding of coal barge. | Vicinity of Ameril and Ursula Islands | Regular monitoring of Ameril and Ursula Islands to allow the natural regeneration of coral reefs. Provide logistical support to all patrol activities of PAMB. | |

3.5.2 Heritage and Cultural Values

| Activity/ Aspect | Description of Impact | Sources | Areas Affected | Mitigating Measures | 2022 Budget (in Php) |
|---------------------|--|-----------------------|---|--|----------------------------|
| HPP Operation | Change in the demographics of Brgy. Rio Tuba and the municipality of Bataraza. The operation of HPP generate jobs and many people coming from other provinces migrate. The migration has direct effects on the population growth of the Barangay | Employment at CBNC | Barangay Rio Tuba and its neighboring barangays | IP communities are given employment at CBNC. Of the 616 CBNC employees, 372 or 60% are residents of the Municipality of Bataraza. Another 158 employees (26%) are from the other municipalities of Palawan. | Under SDMP |

3.6 Environmental Research

| Activity/ Aspect | Description of Impact | Source | Areas Affected | Mitigating Measures | 2022 BUDGET (Php) |
|--|--|---|---------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| Research for Environmental Mitigation and Rehabilitation Activities. | Improved effectivity and establishment of new technologies and best practices. | Environmental Protection and Enhancement Activities | Scope of CBNC AEPEP | Conduct research to improve the AEPEP | 2,209,200 |

3.7 Others(Administration, Compliance Management and MEPEO Operation)

| Activity/ Aspect | Description of Impact | Source | Areas Affected | Mitigating Measures | 2022 Budget (in Php) |
|---|--|--|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| Administration, Compliance Management and MEPEO Operation | Possible issuance of penalty, NOV or stoppage of operation | Local and National government Rules Regulations, International Guidelines and ISO Standard for Environmen tal Managemen t. | Entire scope of CBNC MEPEO | PDCA of Environmenta I Management System in Accordance to Local Regulations, International Guidelines and ISO Standard for Environmenta I Management. | 17,583,359 |

4.0 Strategy for

4.1 Monitoring

| Sources of | | Environmental Monitoring Plan | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|----------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Impact, Mitigating Measure | Parameters | Purpose | Station | Method | Frequency | | | |
| Instabilities along the roads, channels, and slopes of the Project | Subsidence, cracks, ponding or overflows, scouring, extent of slide materials at the toe | To ensure stability of structures | Project area wide | Visual assessment and survey | Weekly | | | |
| Ground clearings by the Project | Areas cleared or disturbed | To minimize disturbed areas | Project area wide | Area measurement | During clearing | | | |
| Solid waste | Generated solid waste characterized into recyclables, biodegradables, and residual; individual tonnages measured | To ensure effectiveness of solid waste management | Project area wide | Characterization of solid waste and tonnage measurement | Daily, consolidated into weekly | | | |
| | Volume of compost generated | To ensure effectiveness of solid waste management | Nursery | Volume measurement | Monthly | | | |

| Sources of | | ng Plan | | | |
|---|---|--|----------------------|---|-----------|
| Impact, Mitigating Measure | Parameters | Purpose | Station | Method | Frequency |
| Project revegetation activities | Areas planted along buffer zones and other areas | To ensure effectiveness of buffer zone's purpose of minimizing impact | Project area wide | Area measurement and count of seedlings planted | Quarterly |
| Receiving water | er bodies (including | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | , | |
| East Ibelnan Creek (Control) | BOD, Cl-, color, DO, fec. col., NO₃-N, pH, PO₄-P, temperature, TSS COD, SO₄²⁻, O&G, NH₃-N, tot. col. Mn, As, Cd, Pb, Ni, Se, Fe, Cu, Zn, Hg B, Cr | To determine influent water quality | WQ11 | Azide modification (dilution technique) - BOD Standard Method (SM) 4500 CI B (Argentometric method) – CI- Visual comparison method (Platinum cobalt scale) – Color Membrane electrode (DO meter) | Monthly |
| Pinamsan Creek and Tuba River – Sanitary Iandfill, HPP, power plant, TSF1, TSF2, TSF3; RTNMC; UMPI | BOD, Cl ⁻ , color, DO, fec. col., NO ₃ -N, pH, PO ₄ -P, temperature, TSS COD, SO ₄ ² -, O&G, NH ₃ -N, tot. col. Mn, As, Cd, Pb, Ni, Se, Fe, Cu, Zn, Hg, B, Cr | To monitor water quality of surrounding water bodies and effectiveness of water pollution control programs | WQ9, WQ8, WQ12 | Multiple-tube fermentation technique — Fec. and tot. col. Bruccine method for saline waters; specific ion electrode meter for freshwater — NO ₃ -N Hydrogen ion selective electrode - pH Stannous chloride method — PO ₄ -P Thermistor sensor | Monthly |
| Ocayan River (Control) - Community | BOD, Cl ⁻ , color, DO, fec. col., NO ₃ - N DH BO B | To monitor water quality of | WQ2, WQ13 | - Temp. Gravimetric method - TSS SM2540 C | Monthly |
| Community | N, pH, PO ₄ -P, temperature, TSS Mn, As, Cd, Pb, Ni, COD, Se, Fe, Cu, Zn, Hg | surrounding water body | | (Gravimetric) - TDS Atomic absorption spectrophotometer (AAS) for heavy metals in non- saline water | |
| Monitoring wells – TSF1, TSF2, TSF3 | pH, temperature, TSS, Mn, As, Cd, Pb, Ni, COD, Se, Fe, Cu, Zn, Hg | To monitor ground water quality | WQ3, WQ6 | Inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry (ICP-MS) with collision cells for | Monthly |

| Sources of | | Environ | mental Monitori | ng Plan | |
|---|--|--|---|---|-----------|
| Impact, Mitigating Measure | Parameters | Purpose | Station | Method | Frequency |
| Coral Bay (Control) - Community | • BOD, Cl ⁻ , color, DO, fec. col., NO ₃ -N, pH, PO ₄ -P, temperature, TSS Mn, As, Cd, Pb, Ni, COD, Se, Fe, Cu, Zn, Hg | To monitor water quality of surrounding water bodies and effectiveness of water pollution control programs | WQ15, WQ16 | heavy metals in saline water SM 5220 B (Open Reflux Method) — COD SM4500-SO4 E (Turbidimetric) - SO4 Gravimetric method (Petroleum ether | Monthly |
| Coral Bay – Supernatant discharge point, causeway, trestle, community | • BOD, Cl-, color, DO, fec. col., NO ₃ -N, pH, PO ₄ -P, temperature, TSS Mn, As, Cd, Pb, Ni, COD, Se, Fe, Cu, Zn, Hg | To monitor water quality of the effluent's receiving water body | WQ18, WQ19, WQ20, WQ21, WQ22, WQ23, WQ24 | extraction) – O&G SM4500-NH ₃ F (Phenate method) – NH ₃ -N | Monthly |
| Ameril Island - Control | • BOD, Cl ⁻ , color, DO, fec. col., NO ₃ -N, pH, PO ₄ -P, temperature, TSS Mn, As, Cd, Pb, Ni, COD, Se, Fe, Cu, Zn, Hg | To monitor water quality of surrounding water body | WQ25 | | Monthly |
| Sanitary landfill | pH, Cl, color, NO ₃ -N, PO ₄ - P, temperature, TSS, COD, SO ₄ ² -, O&G, NH ₃ -N, tot. col. | To monitor water quality of landfill's leachate | WQ1 | AAS for heavy metals in non-saline water ICP-MS with collision cells for heavy metals in saline water SM 5220 B (Open | Monthly |
| HPP, power plant | • pH, temperature, TSS, Mn, As, Cd, Pb, Ni, COD, Se, Fe, Cu, Zn, Hg Cl, PO4-P, SO4 ²⁻ , B, Cr, O&G | To monitor water quality of water used for the process | WQ5 | Reflux Method) – COD SM4500-SO4 E (Turbidimetric) – SO4 Gravimetric method (Petroleum ether extraction) – O&G | Monthly |

| Sources of | Environmental Monitoring Plan | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| Impact, Mitigating Measure | Parameters | Purpose | Station | Method | Frequency | | |
| Sanitary landfill, TSF3, HPP, power plant | pH, CI, color, NO₃-N, PO₄-P, temperature, TSS, COD, SO₄²⁻, O&G, NH₃-N, Tot. col. Mn, As, Cd, Pb, Ni, Se, Fe, Cu, Zn, Hg B, Cr, O&G | To monitor water quality and effectiveness of water pollution control programs | WQ7 | SM4500-NH ₃ F (Phenate method) – NH ₃ -N | Monthly | | |
| TSF1, TSF2 | pH, temperature, TSS, Mn, As, Cd, Pb, Ni, COD, Se, Fe, Cu, Zn, Hg | To monitor effectiveness of water pollution control facilities | WQ10 | | Monthly | | |
| Coal stockyard | Color, pH, TSS, NO ₃ -N, SO ₄ , Mn, Fe, As, Cd, Hg, Pb | To monitor water quality of Coal Silt Pond as pollution control facility | WQ14 | | Monthly | | |
| TSF supernatant discharge | pH, temperature, TSS, Mn, As, Cd, Pb, Ni, COD, Se, Fe, Cu, Zn, Hg | To monitor effluent water quality and the effectiveness of water pollution control program | WQ17 | | | | |
| Abstraction of the Project's water requirements from East Ibelnan Creek | Water flow and volume | To determine the volume used for CBNC's Process | WQ11 | Flowmeter | Daily | | |
| Ambient air qu | ality and noise | - | | <u> </u> | | | |
| HPP, power plant, coal ash, borrow area, TSF3 dam build-up, sanitary landfill, unsuitable | TSP, PM10 | To determine the effectiveness of Air Pollution Control Program for Particulate Matter | AQ1, AQ2, AQ3, AQ4, AQ5, AQ6, AQ11, AQ12, AQ13, AQ14, AQ15 | United States Environmental Protection Authority (USEPA) 40 CFR, Part 50 Appendix B (Gravimetric) — TSP | Monthly (1 hour) for all stations Annually (24 hours) for AQ2, AQ6, AQ14 | | |
| materials disposal, transport, and hauling; RTNMC's surface mine, | SO ₂ , NO ₂ | To determine the effectiveness of Air Pollution Control Program for Sox and NOx | AQ2, AQ6, AQ14 | PM-10 USEPA 40 CFR, Part 50, Appendix J (Gravimetric) Gas Bubbler and Pararosaniline Method (West and | Monthly (1 hour) Annually (24 hours) | | |

| Sources of | | Environ | mental Monitori | ng Plan | |
|--|--|---|---|--|--|
| Impact, Mitigating Measure | Parameters | Purpose | Station | Method | Frequency |
| transport, hauling, stockpiling, ore loading, and generator sets; UMPI; | Acid mist | To determine the effectiveness of Air Pollution Control Program for Acid Mist | AQ7, AQ8, AQ9, AQ10 | Gaeke Method), USEPA 40CFR, Part 50, Appendix A – SO ₂ Gas Bubbler Griess-Saltzman, USEPA 40CFR, | Monthly (1 hour) |
| community | H ₂ S, H ₂ , CO ₂ | To determine the effectiveness of Air Pollution Control Program for H ₂ S, H ₂ , CO ₂ | Gas detectors at strategic locations inside the HPP complex | Part 50, Appendix F - NO ₂ SM 4500-S ² (Distillation, Methylene Blue Flow Injection Analysis Method) - H ₂ S | Continuing |
| | Noise | To determine the effectiveness of Noise Reduction and Control Program | N1, N2, N3, N4, N5, N6, N7, N8, N9, N10 | Titration – H ₂ SO ₄ Noise meter - Noise | Monthly |
| Power plant stack | TSP, PM-10, SO ₂ , CO, CO ₂ , As, Cd, Cr, Cu, Pb, Hg | To determine the effectivity of Air Pollution Control for the Power Plant's Emission | EP Line 1, EP Line 2 | CEMS | Continuing |
| MS and H ₂ S plant | H ₂ S | To determine the effectivity of Air Pollution Control for the MS and H2S Plant | Gas scrubber Line 1, GS Line 2, GS Backup | CEMS | Continuing |
| HPAL | Condensed steam pH | To determine the scrubber's effectiveness | Venturi-type scrubber Line 1, VTS Line 2 | CEMS | Continuing |
| Dust, fumes, emissions including noise of the HPP and power plant; dust, noise, and emissions from vehicles of CBNC, RTNMC, contractors, UMPI, and community; natural phenomena and variations | Flora Species composition, importance value, diversity, evenness, endemicity, conservation status, dominant tree growth performance, stand density, canopy cover and height, ground/ litter/shrub cover, stags, stable soil surface Wildlife vertebrates | To determine the effectiveness of CBNC's Environmental Management Programs to prevent adverse impact to the surrounding flora and fauna | | Flora Sample plots, subplots, transects, LFA soil and vegetation transects Wildlife vertebrates Transects and mist nets – birds Mist nets – volant mammals Live and snap traps, tracks and signs analyses – non-volant mammals Habitat search, visual and auditory cues, capture methods – | Flora Annually Wildlife vertebrates Annually |

| Sources of | | Environ | mental Monitori | ng Plan | |
|--|---|---|--|--|---|
| Impact, Mitigating Measure | Parameters | Purpose | Station | Method | Frequency |
| | Species composition, richness, population density, presence or absence of sensitive species, diversity, evenness, endemicity, conservation status | | | amphibians and reptiles | |
| CBNC's and RTNMC's coastal operations and community | Coral reefs – Composition and relative cover of hard corals and other benthic features including sediment accumulation and other coral stressors | To determine the effectiveness of CBNC's Environmental Management Programs to prevent adverse impact to the surrounding Coastal Areas Coral Reefs | Mooring dolphin reef, Small sandbar reef, Discharge area, Rio Tuba MPA, Maranto Pt., Ameril Island | Intensive photographic surveys of benthic organisms and features on fixed transects | Annually – Same month as that for freshwater biology |
| | Reef fishes – Species composition, structure, and biomass | To determine the effectiveness of CBNC's Environmental Management Programs to prevent adverse impact to the surrounding Coastal Areas' Fish Abundance | Causeway, Mooring dolphin reef, Small sandbar reef, Discharge area, Rio Tuba MPA, Maranto Pt., Ameril Island | Fish visual census | |
| | Plankton - Taxa listing, individual counts, mean densities, biodiversity, evenness, dominance | To determine the effectiveness of CBNC's Environmental Management Programs to prevent adverse impact to the surrounding Coastal Areas' Planktons | Lower Kinurong, Ocayan River, Causeway, Mooring dolphin reef, Discharge area, Tagdalungon | Sample collection using plankton net, placement of subsample in a cell counter and microscopic examination | |
| | Seagrass – Species composition, percentage | To determine the effectiveness of CBNC's | Tagdalungon, Rio Tuba MPA, Small | Regular quadrat sampling along replicate transects | |

| Sources of | | Environ | mental Monitori | ng Plan | |
|----------------------------------|--|---|--|---|-----------|
| Impact, Mitigating Measure | Parameters | Purpose | Station | Method | Frequency |
| | frequency and cover, and density | Environmental Management Programs to prevent adverse impact to the surrounding Coastal Areas' Sea Grass Meadows | sandbar reef, Ocayan | with photo- documentation | |
| | Mangroves – Species composition, community structure, plant biomass | To determine the effectiveness of CBNC's Environmental Management Programs in preserving or enhancing mangroves | Tagdalungon 1, Tagdalungon 2 | Transect line plots with photo-documentation | |
| CBNC Expansion Project | Employment of residents of Bataraza | To determine the effect of CBNC's operation to the employment status | 22 barangays | Measurement of proportion of directly employed residents to total direct employment of the Project Number of training programs and number of trainees against number of trainees employed | Annual |
| | Community programs - SDMP | To determine the community's development as a result of the SDMP's programs | 22 barangays and province of Palawan | Measurement of number of alternative means of livelihood created and number of people actually benefited and incomes realized | Annual |

4.2 Research

Other items for research under the SDMP's MTG program will be proposed and submitted separately to MGB MIMAROPA. For Research on the improvement of CBNC's Environmental Protection and Enhancement Programs, below items will be conducted.

- a. Conduct an audit and review of CBNC's TSF facilities in order to comply with the International Council of Mining and Metals (ICMM) Guidelines on Global Industry Standard in Tailings Management.
- b. Conduct study on bamboo growth performance on tailings soil.
- Conduct study on sea grass and sea weeds plant survival at the CBNC Pier Site Causeway.
- d. Conduct study on fish survival and propagation at the Lower Kinurong Siltation Pond.

4.3 Reporting

Based on the conditions of CBNC's MPP and as required by Section 270, Chapter XXIX, of the DAO No. 2010-21, the following reports shall be submitted to MGB and MGB4B:

- a. MGB Form 29-05 Monthly Report on Production, Sales, Inventory of Metallic Minerals and Employment Data - Nickel (Mixed Sulfide)
- b. MGB Form 29-16 Integrated Annual Report
- c. Quarterly Energy Consumption Report (MGB Form 29-18)
- d. Monthly General Accident Report (MGB Form 15-5)
- e. Semiannual Report on Mine Waste and Mill Tailings Produced, Contained, and/or Utilized (MGB Form 18-1)

Other reports as required by MGB and MGB4B may be submitted upon written advise by the said offices.

Reports for submission to EMB and copy-furnished to MGB are as follows:

- a. Quarterly Self-Monitoring Report (SMR)
- b. Semi-Annual Compliance Monitoring Report (CMR)
- c. Reports for special studies:
 - i. Annual Flora & Fauna Monitoring Report
 - ii. Annual Coastal Resources Monitoring Report

5.0 Total Cost of AEPEP

| 2022 AEPEP Activities | Purpose | 2022 BUDGET, Php |
|---|---|---------------------|
| 1. Land Resource | Rehabilitation and Reforestation of Project Areas | 8,540,270 |
| 2. Water Resource and Quality | Protection of Waters | 1,396,932,020 |
| 3. Noise | Mitigation of Noise from Plant Operation | 2,100 |
| 4. Air Quality | Protection of Air | 366,832,526 |
| 5. Conservation Values | Enhancement and Monitoring of Environmental Program Performance | 6,544,389 |
| 6. Environmental Research | Activities to Improve Environmental Programs | 2,209,200 |
| 7. Others (Administration, Compliance Management and MEPEO Operation) | Administration, Compliance Management and MEPEO Operation | 17,861,359 |
| GRAND TOTAL | | 1,798,921,864 |

Please see attachment for the details.

6.0 Name and Signature of Applicant or Person(s) preparing the AEPEP (Specify PRC and PTR numbers)

Mr. Jeb B. Badlon Pollution Control Officer

PCO COA No. 2017-R4B-01425

Engr. Antonio O. Sanone

MEPEO

Metallurgical Engineer PRC Met. E. - 0000333

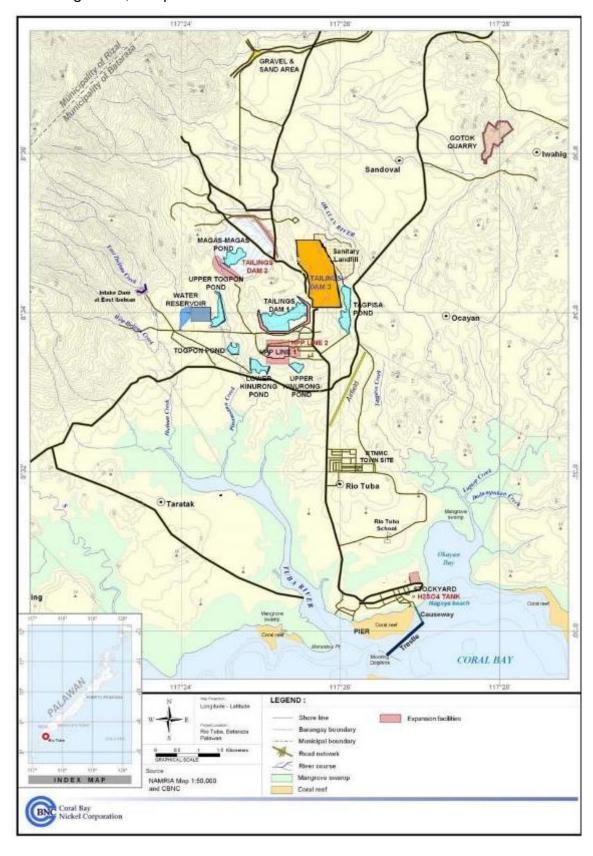
PTR No. 2695864F

Engr. Benjamin Armand A. Tansingco VP- Environmental Management

Metallurgical Engineer PRC Met. E. - 291

PTR No. A-4768140 Taguig City

7.0 Plan(s)/Map(s) of the Proposed Operations showing location of area(s) subject of operations, access to property, location of works and roads, water courses, working areas, camps and other surface facilities.



CORAL BAY NICKEL CORPORATION

MEPEO or Environmental Management and Quality Control Section (EMQCS)

2022 Annual Environmental Protection and Enhancement Program

| | Nickel, DMT | 20,000 | |
|-------------|----------------|--------|---|
| 2022 Target | Cobalt, DMT | 1,605 | |
| | Operating Days | 326 | 3 |

39 Days of Maintenance Shutdown

| 2022 AEPEP Activities | Unit of Work Measure (UWM) | Annual Physical / Financial Target, | | Quarterly Physical / Financial Target | | | |
|---|---|--|-----------|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|---|
| 2022 ALI LI ACIIVIIIes | Unit Cost, Php | Php | 1stQ | 2ndQ | 3rdQ | 4thQ | ILMARKS |
| | | | | | | | T |
| 1. Land Resource | | | | | | | |
| a. Progressive Rehabilitation | | | | | | | |
| | Area planted (hectares) | 5 | | | 3 | 2 | |
| a.1 New Area established | 239,555 | 1,197,774 | | | 718,665 | 479,110 | |
| a.i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i | No. of seedlings planted | 13,332 | | | 13,332 | | |
| | Grass planted (in hectares) | 2 | | | | 2 | |
| | Total Area maintained (hectares) | 167 | 167 | 167 | 167 | 167 | Replanting, enrichment, protestation and maintenance especially during dry season of the total 167 has. |
| | 27,885 | 4,656,838 | 1,164,210 | 1,164,210 | 1,164,210 | 1,164,210 | |
| a.2 Maintenance of established areas | No. of seedlings to be replanted | 4,444 | | 2,222 | 2,222 | | Only 10 hectares out of the 167 hectares old plantation is estimated to be replanted for mortality. |
| | No. of seedling planted for enhancement | 25,556 | | | 12,778 | 12,778 | 30,000 trees to enrich the TSF-1 and TSF-2 planted areas. This is in order to achieve tree density target of 1.5x1m spacing in y2025. |
| b. Mangrove reforestation | | | | | | | |
| | Area planted (hectares) | 15 | | | 15 | | |
| b.1 New Area established | 12,500 | 187,500 | | | 187,500 | | |
| | No. of seedlings planted | 37,500 | | | 37,500 | | |
| | Area maintained (hectares) | 51 | 51 | 51 | 51 | 51 | 51 has. Of mangrove area was planted (2015-2021) |
| b.2 Maintenance of established areas | - | _ | - | - | - | - | No cost since Maintenance is part of the service agreement between CBNC and Community Based Service provider. Before we engage with them for this year's planting, we inspect the previously planted areas and if the mangroves are well growing and the mortality were being replanted, that is the time we agree to still continue their services of planting and mangrove protection for another area this year. This strategy is effective in successfully bringing out the commitment of protecting the mangroves from the community based planters. |
| | Maintenance of mangrove planted | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | No. of mangrove propagules planted to the 51 hectares is 173,800. (2015-2018, spacing 1x1m, 10,000 plant density/ha. (2019-2021, spacing 2.5x2.5m, 2,500 plant density/ha. |
| c. Bamboo Plantation | | | | | | | |
| | Area planted (hectares) | 20 | | | 20 | - | |
| c.1 New Area established | 15,580 | | | | 311,600 | | |
| | No. of propagules planted | 4,080 | | | 4,080 | | 204 Culms per Hectare |
| | Area maintained (hectares) | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | |
| | 27,885 | 836,558 | 209,139 | 209,139 | 209,139 | 209,139 | |
| c.2 Maintenance of established areas | No. of propagules maintained | 6,120 | 6,120 | 6,120 | 6,120 | 6,120 | |
| d. Seedlings production | No. of seedlings produced | 90,000 | 30,000 | 30,000 | 15,000 | 15,000 | This seedling will be produced in 2022 for the 2023 planting to new area for rehab, enrichment, donation and ornamental plants. |
| | 15 | 1,350,000 | 450,000 | 450,000 | 225,000 | 225,000 | |
| SUB Total | | 8,540,270 | 1,823,349 | 1,823,349 | 2,816,114 | 2,077,459 | |

| 2022 AEPEP Activities | Unit of Work Measure (UWM) | Annual Physical / Financial Target, | | Quarterly Physical | l / Financial Targe | — REMARKS | | |
|---|--|--|-------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------|--|--|
| 2022 ALI LI ACIIVIIIES | Unit Cost, Php | Php | 1stQ | 2ndQ | 3rdQ | 4thQ | REPURING. | |
| 2. Water Resource and Quality | | | | | | | | |
| a. Water Pollution Control Facilities | | | | | | | | |
| | No. of fully operational final neutralization plant | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 & 4 Q has 22 days maintenance shutdown | |
| a.1 Operation of Final-Neutralization Plant | No. of days operational final neutralization plant | 365 | 90 | 91 | 92 | 92 | | |
| | 3,727,008 | 1,360,357,747 | 335,430,677 | 339,157,685 | 342,884,692 | 342,884,692 | | |
| | No. of fully operational TSF | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | TSF must be fully operational throughout the year. | |
| a.2 Operation of Tailings Storage Facilities (TSF) | No. of days of fully operational TSF | 365 | 90 | 91 | 92 | 92 | | |
| | 54,809 | 20,005,191 | 4,932,787 | 4,987,595 | 5,042,404 | 5,042,404 | | |
| b. Water Sampling | | | | | | | | |
| | No. of submissions to laboratory for analysis | 12 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | |
| | 26,406 | 316,876 | 79,219 | 79,219 | 79,219 | 79,219 | | |
| b.1 Water Quality Monitoring - (Effluent) | No. of lots of sampling materials/equipment utilized | 12 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | | |
| and Water Bodies | 6,192 | 74,300 | 18,575 | 18,575 | 18,575 | 18,575 | | |
| | No. of sampling conducted | 264 | 66 | 66 | 66 | 66 | Sampling conducted per month to 22 stations | |
| | No. of parameters measured per sample | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | Parameters: As, Cd, COD, Cu, Fe, Pb, Mn, Hg, Ni, O&G, pH, Se, Temp. TSS, Zn, Cr6+. | |
| b.2 Water Quality Monitoring - Ground | No. of sampling conducted | 24 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 3 water wells as ground water sampling station per month | |
| | No. of parameters measured per sample | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 4 | pH, Temp., TSS, Mn, As, Cd,Pb,Ni, COD, Se, Fe, Cu, Zn, Hg | |
| c. Solid Waste Management | | | | | | | | |
| | No. of days of wastes collection | 313 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 79 | | |
| c.1 Non-Hazardous Waste Management | 41,102 | 12,865,000 | 3,164,872 | 3,205,974 | 3,247,077 | 3,247,077 | | |
| | Amount of wastes generated (Tons) | 2,600 | 650 | 650 | 650 | 650 | Base on historical data. Actual must be less than the target. | |
| | No. of Transport and Treatment | 3 | 1 | | 1 | 1 | | |
| c.2 Hazardous Waste Management | 878,333 | 2,635,000 | 878,333 | | 878,333 | 878,333 | | |
| | Amount of wastes generated (Tons) | 100 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | Base on historical data. Actual must be less than the target. | |
| | No. of analysis conducted | 2 | 1 | | 11 | | | |
| | 133,153 | 266,306 | 133,153 | | 133,153 | | | |
| d. Coal ash sampling & analysis | No. of sampling conducted | 4 | 2 | | 2 | | 2 stations per sampling (Line 1 and 2 coal ash) | |
| | No. of parameters measured per sample | 8 | 8 | | 8 | | Parameters: Pb, As, Hg, Cd, Cr, Ba, Se, F | |
| | No. of analysis conducted | 2 | 1 | | 1 | | | |
| | 205,800 | 411,600 | 205,800 | | 205,800 | | | |
| e. Fish tissue & sediment sampling & analysis | No. of sampling conducted | 34 | 17 | | 17 | | 17 stations per sampling | |

| 2022 AEPEP Activities | Unit of Work Measure (UWM) | Annual Physical / | G | Quarterly Physical / Financial Target | | | REMARKS |
|--|--|--------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| 2022 AEPEP ACTIVITIES | Unit Cost, Php | Financial Target, Php | 1stQ | 2ndQ | 3rdQ | 4thQ | IKEMAKKS |
| , | No. of parameters measured per sample | 7 | 7 | | 7 | | Parameters: As, Cr, Co, Ni, Pb, Hg and Cd |
| SUB Total | | 1,396,932,020 | 344,843,417 | 347,449,049 | 352,489,254 | 352,150,301 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 3. Noise | | | | | | | |
| | No. of monitoring conducted | 12 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| a. Noise Monitoring Activities | 175 | 2,100 | 525 | 525 | 525 | 525 | |
| | No. of sampling stations | 84 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 | |
| SUB Total | | 2,100 | 525 | 525 | 525 | 525 | |
| 4. Air Quality | | | | | | | |
| | no. of fully operational Air Pollution Control Facilities plant | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | |
| a. Air Pollution Control Facilities | no. of days operational final neutralization plant | 326 | 87 | 75 | 88 | 76 | |
| | 1,118,327 | 364,574,655 | 96,789,732 | 83,884,434 | 98,940,614 | 84,959,875 | |
| | Monthly Lab. Analysis Cost | 12 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| | 5,864 | 70,364 | 17,591 | 17,591 | 17,591 | 17,591 | |
| b. Air Quality Monitoring - TSP/PM 10 Air | Monthly Materials/Equipment Co | 12 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| Sampling (1hour), NOx and Sox (1hour), | 42,957 | 515,479 | 128,870 | 128,870 | 128,870 | 128,870 | |
| Acid Mist Inside Plantsite (1hour) | No. of sampling conducted | 204 | 51 | 51 | 51 | 51 | 17 Stations per Month |
| | No. of parameters measured per sample | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 parameter per station. Some for TSP/PM10 and Acid Mist, Nox and Sox for others |
| | No. of Activity | 1 | | | 1 | | |
| | 1,355,415 | 1,355,415 | | | 1,355,415 | | |
| c. Stack Sampling | No. of sampling conducted | 13 | | 13 | | | |
| | No. of parameters measured per sample | 3 | | 39 | | | |
| | No. of CGA conducted | 1 | | | 1 | | Operational Expense |
| d. Cylinder Gas Audit (CGA) for Continuous Emission Monitoring System | | 316,613 | | | 316,613 | | Cost for the gas standard. 6,332,25 USD = Php 316,612.50 |
| (CEMS) | No. of sampling conducted | 7 | | | 7 | | 5 Scrubbers and 2 Boiler CEMS |
| | No. of parameters measured per sample | 3 | | | 3 | | Nox, Sox, CO for Boiler CEMS and H2S only for MS Scrubbers |
| SUB Total | | 366,832,526 | 96,936,192 | 84,030,895 | 100,759,103 | 85,106,336 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 5. Conservation Values | | | | | | | |
| | No.of project implemented | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| a. ICRMP (Partner with Bataraza LGU) | | 3,550,000 | 412,500 | 1,155,357 | 1,155,357 | 826,786 | |
| | Progress report prepared | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| a.1 Development of CRMP Plan | No. of Activity | 1 | 1 | | | | |

| 2022 AEPEP Activities | Unit of Work Measure (UWM) | Annual Physical / Financial Target, | | Quarterly Physica | l / Financial Targe | t | — REMARKS |
|--|----------------------------|--|---------|-------------------|---------------------|---------|---------------------|
| ZOZZ ALI LI ACIIVIIIes | Unit Cost, Php | Php | 1stQ | 2ndQ | 3rdQ | 4thQ | REMARKS |
| | 200,000 | 200,000 | 200,000 | | | | |
| a.2 Biodiversity Project | Project implemented | 7 | | 3 | 3 | 1 | |
| | 171,428.57 | 1,200,000 | | 514,286 | 514,286 | 171,429 | |
| a.3 IEC Activity | Quarterly Cost | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| | 87,500 | 350,000 | 87,500 | 87,500 | 87,500 | 87,500 | |
| a.4 Law Enforcement Support | Quarterly Cost | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| | 125,000 | 500,000 | 125,000 | 125,000 | 125,000 | 125,000 | |
| a.5 Livelihood Project | Cost per Project | 7 | | 3 | 3 | 1 | |
| | 142,857 | 1,000,000 | | 428,571 | 428,571 | 142,857 | |
| a.6 Monitoring and Evaluation | Cost per Activity | 2 | | | | 2 | |
| | 150,000 | 300,000 | | | | 300,000 | |
| b. Carbon Sink Program (Mangrove | MOA signed | 1 | | 1 | | | |
| Forest Protection & Enhancement) | 40,000 | 40,000 | | 40,000 | | | |
| | No.of project implemented | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| c. Maintenance of Bio Indicators | | 367,800 | 91,950 | 91,950 | 91,950 | 91,950 | |
| | Progress report prepared | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| c.1 Fishpen at Causeway | Monthly Cost | 12 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| | 12,250 | 147,000 | 36,750 | 36,750 | 36,750 | 36,750 | |
| c.2 Fishpen at L. Kinurong Siltation Pond | Monthly Cost | 12 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| | 6,150 | 73,800 | 18,450 | 18,450 | 18,450 | 18,450 | |
| c.3 Culture of Butterfly at TSF-1 | Monthly Cost | 12 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| | 3,267 | 39,200 | 9,800 | 9,800 | 9,800 | 9,800 | |
| c.4 Seaweeds/grass meadow enhance | Monthly Cost | 12 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | Operational Expense |
| | - | | | | | | |
| c.5 Beehive colony recording inside Pla | Monthly Cost | 12 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | Operational Expense |
| | - | | | | | | |
| c.6 TSF-1 Eco Trail (Goat Farm, Poultry, Tai | Monthly Cost | 12 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| | 8,983 | 107,800 | 26,950 | 26,950 | 26,950 | 26,950 | |
| d. CRA | No. of Activity | 1 | | 1 | | | |
| u. CKA | 239,940 | 239,940 | | 239,940 | | | |
| a Fauna | No. of Activity | 1 | | 1 | | | |
| e. Fauna | 309,441 | 309,441 | | 309,441 | | | |
| f Elora | No. of Activity | 1 | | 1 | | | |
| f. Flora | 265,100 | 265,100 | | 265,100 | | | |
| g. Coastal Resources Protection and | No. of Activity | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| Enhancement of Ameril and Ursula Islands | 290,277 | 1,161,108 | 290,277 | 290,277 | 290,277 | 290,277 | |

| 2022 AEPEP Activities | Unit of Work Measure (UWM) | Annual Physical / Financial Target, | (| Quarterly Physical | l / Financial Targe | t | - REMARKS | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|-----------|--------------------|---------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|--|
| 2022 AEFEF ACIIVIIIes | Unit Cost, Php | Php | 1stQ | 2ndQ | 3rdQ | 4thQ | REMARKS | |
| h. Piersite Nursery (Mangrove and other | No. of nursery maintained | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |
| Trees) | 18,500 | 74,000 | 18,500 | 18,500 | 18,500 | 18,500 | | |
| i. Support to National and International E | nvironmental Activities | | | | | | | |
| i.1 Solid Waste Month (Jan) | No. of Activity | 1 | 1 | | | | | |
| 1.1 John Wasie Moriii (Jan) | 101,000 | 101,000 | 101,000 | | | | | |
| i.2 World Wildlife Day (Mar) | No. of Activity | 1 | 1 | | | | | |
| 1.2 World Wildlife Day (Mar) | 116,000 | 116,000 | 116,000 | | | | | |
| i.3 Earth Hour (Mar) | No. of Activity | 1 | 1 | | | | | |
| 1.3 Ediff Floor (Mar) | 80,000 | 80,000 | 80,000 | | | | | |
| i.4 Month of the Ocean (May) | No. of Activity | 1 | | 1 | | | | |
| 1.4 Mornin of the Ocean (May) | 80,000 | 80,000 | | 80,000 | | | | |
| i.5 Arbor Day, Shokoju Day and World | No. of Activity | 1 | | 1 | | | | |
| Environment Day (Jun) | 80,000 | 80,000 | | 80,000 | | | | |
| i.6 International Coastal Cleanup and | No. of Activity | 1 | | | 1 | | | |
| World Bamboo Day (Sep) | 80,000 | 80,000 | | | 80,000 | | | |
| SUB Total | | 6,544,389 | 1,110,227 | 2,570,565 | 1,636,084 | 1,227,513 | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 6. Environmental Research | | | | | | | | |
| | Research conducted | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | Same manpower to be used for Rehab | |
| a. Bamboo Growth Performance on Drie | - | | | | | | Operational Expense | |
| | Progress Report submitted/prepared | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |
| | Research conducted | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |
| b. Seagrass Enhancement | | | | | | | Operational Expense | |
| | Progress Report submitted/prepared | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |
| | Research conducted | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |
| c. Fish at Kinurong | | | | | | | Operational Expense | |
| C. FISH OF KINDFORD | Progress Report submitted/prepared | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |
| | Research conducted | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |
| d. Soil Amelioration | Progress Report submitted/prepared | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |
| | Established Plots | 15 | | 5 | 5 | 5 | | |
| | 147,280 | 2,209,200 | | 736,400 | 736,400 | 736,400 | | |
| SUB Total | | 2,209,200 | 0 | 736,400 | 736,400 | 736,400 | | |

| 2022 AEPEP Activities | Unit of Work Measure (UWM) | Annual Physical / Financial Target, | G | Quarterly Physical , | / Financial Target | | REMARKS |
|--|--|--|-----------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------|--|
| 2022 AEPEP ACTIVITIES | Unit Cost, Php | Php | 1stQ | 2ndQ | 3rdQ | 4thQ | REWARKS |
| . Others (Administration, Compliance M | | 1) | | | | | |
| | MEPEO Operationalized | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 1.1 MEPEO Operation | No. of months operated | 12 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| | 155,306.77 | 1,863,681 | 465,920 | 465,920 | 465,920 | 465,920 | |
| .2 Office Management (inc. safety, PPE | No. of months managed | 12 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| suance, transportation, materials & quipment for Envi. Mgt., etc.) | 7,667 | 92,000 | 23,000 | 23,000 | 23,000 | 23,000 | |
| .3 Covid-19 Prevention Activities in the | No. of Activity | 12 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| /orkplace | 3,333 | 40,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | 10,000 | |
| | No. of Calibration | 1 | | | 1 | | |
| 4 Calibration of Monitoring Instruments | 39,375 | 39,375 | | | 39,375 | | |
| .5 Envi. Monitoring Equipment | No. of maint and repair | 12 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| Naintenance & Repairs | 108,692 | 1,304,298 | 326,075 | 326,075 | 326,075 | 326,075 | |
| | | 1,304,290 | 320,073 | 2 | 2 | 320,073 | |
| | Audit conducted 156,000 | 623,999 | | 312,000 | 312,000 | | |
| Management System | | 623,777 | | 312,000 | 312,000 | | |
| Regulatory Fees, New Application, | Permitting Compliance Activity conducted | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| mendment and Renewal) | 2,791,908 | 11,167,631 | 2,791,908 | 2,791,908 | 2,791,908 | 2,791,908 | |
| | MMT Monitoring Conducted | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| . MMT validation and sampling | 413,560 | 1,654,240 | 413,560 | 413,560 | 413,560 | 413,560 | |
| AAREC AAs ating | Meeting conducted | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| . MRFC Meeting | 118,400 | 473,600 | 118,400 | 118,400 | 118,400 | 118,400 | |
| FAR Admitoring ///glidgtion | Monitoring conducted | 1 | | | 1 | | |
| EMB Monitoring/Validation | 53,908 | 53,908 | | | 53,908 | | |
| . MGB Inspections | | | | | | | |
| | SHES Monitoring conducted | 1 | | | 1 | | |
| g.1SHES (RO) | 50,000 | 50,000 | | | 50,000 | | |
| g.2 TSHES/MPP (RO) | TSHES/MPP monitoring conducted | 1 | 1 | | | | |
| | 60,000 | 60,000 | 60,000 | | | | |
| | Inspection conducted | 2 | 1 | | 1 | | ₫. |
| g.3 Mill Tailings Fee Inspection | 5,314 | 10,628 | 5,314 | | 5,314 | | 520 |
| . PEZA Annual Inspection for PTO | Inspection conducted | 1 | 1 | | | | 9230 |
| lenewal | 150,000 | 150,000 | 150,000 | | | | |
| IEC for Stake Holders, Visitors and | IEC Conducted | 6 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | Includes activities to environmental award giving bodies (PMIEA< MFP, AMA, etc.) |
| Workers. | 46,333 | 278,000 | | 139,000 | | 139,000 | |
| UB Total | | 17,861,359 | 4,364,176 | 4,599,862 | 4,609,459 | 4,287,863 | |

Prepared by:

JEB B. BADLON
Pollution Control Office

GRAND TOTAL

Approved by:

ANTONIO O. SANONE
MEPEO

449,077,886

1,798,921,864

FAKAO OISHI Plant Manager

463,046,938

441,210,645

PENJAMINA. TANSINGCO

YP - Environmental Management

445,586,396 Php 1,798,921,864 is15% of the total Milling Cost for 2022.

| | Amounts in USD |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|
| I. SUPPLIES & MATERIALS | |
| A. Sub-materials | |
| Flocculant | 4,466,076.84 |
| Sulfuric Acid | 26,161,928.11 |
| Lime Stone | 8,196,155.15 |
| Sodium Hydroxide (Caustic Soda) | 2,548,000.00 |
| Slaked Lime | 19,191,490.05 |
| Methanol | 2,464,000.00 |
| Sulfur | 5,655,000.00 |
| Coagulant | 132,000.00 |
| Diesel for H2S | 298,200.00 |
| Soda Ash | 290,496.00 |
| Other sub-materials | 173,254.43 |
| Total Sub-materials | 69,576,600.58 |
| | |
| B. Supplies | |
| Laboratory Supplies | 453,240.17 |
| Maintenance Supplies | 1,807,916.58 |
| Office Supplies | 155,699.60 |
| Mixed Sulfide Bags | 696,490.00 |
| Filter Bags | 230,000.00 |
| Screen for Ore Preparation | 132,940.00 |
| Alumina and Iron Balls | 100,000.00 |
| Chemicals and Reagents | 225,989.53 |
| Safety Supplies (PPE) | 135,756.54 |
| Other supplies | 1,828,682.05 |
| Total Supplies | 5,766,714.48 |
| | |
| C. Fuel Cost (Production Related) | - |
| Coal | 27,533,321.21 |
| Diesel | 1,667,916.57 |
| Total Fuel Cost | 29,201,237.78 |
| TOMITAGE | 23,202,20 |
| I. TOTAL SUPPLIES & MATERIALS | 104,544,552.84 |
| 1101/12001 2120 3 11/12111120 | 10 1,0 1 1,00 1.0 |
| II. LABOR EXPENSE | |
| Basic Salaries | 7,821,630.93 |
| Overtime | 1,634,461.34 |
| Allowances and CBA Benefits | 932,878.19 |
| 13th Month Pay & Other Incentives | 1,992,124.05 |
| Vacation Leave/Sick Leave Conversion | 301,090.53 |
| SSS, PhilHealth and HDMF Premiums | |
| Other Employee Benefits | 361,295.36 |
| , , | 1,651,497.77 |
| Other labor expense | 277,567.05 |
| II. TOTAL LABOR EXPENSE | 14,972,545.21 |

| | Amounts in USD |
|---|----------------|
| III. OTHER EXPENSES | |
| A. RENTALS AND LEASES | |
| Infrastructure Lease PEZA Developer | 148,494.04 |
| Machine Lease | 115,631.23 |
| Automobile Lease | 14,082.52 |
| Other rentals and leases | 598,854.72 |
| TOTAL RENTALS AND LEASES | 877,062.51 |
| | |
| B. POWER AND WATER SUPPLY | |
| Water Supply Charges | 94,012.15 |
| Gas Supply Charges | 18,238.46 |
| Other Power and Water Supply Expenses | 10,769.23 |
| TOTAL POWER AND WATER SUPPLY | 123,019.84 |
| | |
| C. INSURANCE EXPENSE | |
| Vehicle Insurance | 82,692.31 |
| Fire and Property Insurance Expense | 1,953,742.63 |
| Other Insurance Expense | 16,884.62 |
| TOTAL INSURANCE EXPENSE | 2,053,319.55 |
| | |
| D. REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE | |
| Spare Parts Cost | 10,419,747.43 |
| Consignment Parts Cost | 4,028,161.35 |
| Maintenance Contract Fee | 3,634,244.51 |
| Contract Work | 3,960,695.74 |
| Consignment Contract Service Fee | 548,116.00 |
| Software Maintenance | 307,869.38 |
| Vehicle Repairs and Maintenance | 86,160.92 |
| Maintenance of Leased Facilities from RTN | 797,510.42 |
| Other Repairs and Maintenance | 8,707,616.14 |
| TOTAL REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE | 32,490,121.91 |
| | |
| E. TRANSPORTATION EXPENSE | |
| Gasoline/Diesel Expenses (General Services) | 85,319.18 |
| Other Transportation Expenses | 7,815.38 |
| Delivery and Handling | 562,232.63 |
| Package Expenses | 29,046.15 |
| Working Transfer | 60,769.23 |
| TOTAL TRANSPORTATION EXPENSE | 745,182.58 |
| | |
| F. TRAVELLING EXPENSE | |
| Air Transportation | 3,109,591.84 |
| Official Foreign & Domestic Travel | 125,383.56 |
| TOTAL TRAVELLING EXPENSE | 3,234,975.40 |
| TOTAL TRUTELLING EAR ENGL | 0,201,0.2.10 |

| | Amounts in USD |
|--|-------------------------|
| G. COMMUNICATION EXPENSE | |
| Telecommunication Provider Charges | 160,026.65 |
| Other Communication Charges | 35,388.92 |
| TOTAL COMMUNICATION EXPENSE | 195,415.57 |
| | |
| H. OUTSOURCING EXPENSES | |
| Security Provider Services | 2,030,576.80 |
| External Manpower Services | 2,002,580.57 |
| Outsourcing Cost _ Technical Fees | 6,573,869.83 |
| TOTAL OUTSOURCED SERVICES EXPENSE | 10,607,027.19 |
| [| |
| I. PROFESSIONAL FEES | |
| Legal Fees | 600,229.49 |
| Audit Fees | 31,722.40 |
| Advisory and Consultancy Fees | 424,196.81 |
| Royalty Fee | 2,563,085.59 |
| Other Professional Fees | 143,000.00 |
| TOTAL PROFESSIONAL FEES | 3,762,234.30 |
| L TAYES DUES AND LISENSES | |
| J. TAXES, DUES AND LICENSES Property Taxes | 55 573 04 |
| | 56,673.04 |
| Community Tax - Corporate and Employee Occupation/Profession Tax | 586.54 |
| Registration Fees | 871.15 |
| Vehicle Registration Fees | 2,557.69 |
| Fringe Benefit Taxes | 12,038.46 |
| Other Permits and Fees | 173,076.92 71,791.00 |
| TOTAL TAXES, DUES AND LICENSES | 317,594.80 |
| TOTAL TAXLO, DOLO AND LICENOLO | 317,334.80 |
| I. GENERAL EXPENSES | |
| Representation and Entertainment Expenses | 34,478.71 |
| Membership and Condominium Dues | 8,326.92 |
| Training and Seminar Expense | 131,730.77 |
| Books and Other Reference Materials | 1,287.47 |
| Bank Charges | 10,076.15 |
| Advertising Expense | 6,057.69 |
| External Affairs - Govt. | 65,916.25 |
| External Affairs - Others | 16,500.00 |
| Research and Development | 150,000.00 |
| Donation Expense - RTNFI | 2,545,081.54 |
| SDMP Devt. Of Host and Neighboring Communities | 2,899,154.76 |
| SDMP DMTG | 423,368.04 |
| Comrel Assistance and CSR | 855,040.09 |
| Information and Education Campaign | 563,193.34 |
| Site Rehabilitation Expense | 172,000.00 |
| Miscellaneous Expense | 41,561.36 |
| TOTAL GENERAL EXPENSES | 7,923,773.11 |

| | Amounts in USD |
|--|-------------------|
| | |
| J. DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION | |
| Depreciation expense - Buildings | 3,309,531.17 |
| Depreciation expense - Structures | 19,320,847.69 |
| Depreciation expense - Vehicles | 621,237.92 |
| Depreciation expense - Building improvements | 7,739.93 |
| Depreciation expense - Machineries & Equipment | 37,907,970.95 |
| Depreciation Expense - Mechanical Spares | 101,991.15 |
| Depreciation Expense - E & I Spares | 46,219.20 |
| Depreciation expense - Office equipment | 179,288.67 |
| Depreciation expense- Laboratory equipment | 237,176.77 |
| Depreciation expense - Furniture & fixtures | 16,628.81 |
| Depreciation expense- Tools | 105,979.13 |
| Amortization expense - Software | 25,394.67 |
| Depreciation expense- LS M&E | 45,507.36 |
| Depreciation expense- LS - Land | 102,945.11 |
| TOTAL DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION | 62,028,458.52 |
| | |
| III. TOTAL OTHER EXPENSES | 124,358,185.26 |
| | - |
| TOTAL EXPENSES (USD) | 243,875,283.32 |
| 100UMED 2000 EVOLUNIOE DATE (2012/1025) | |
| ASSUMED 2022 EXCHANGE RATE (PHP/USD): | 50 |
| ESTIMATED 2022 MILLING EXPENSE (PHP) | 12,193,764,165.76 |